





Operacijo sofinancirata Republika Slovenija, Ministrstvo za izobraževanje, znanost in šport in Evropska unija iz Evropskega socialnega sklada. Operacija se izvaja v okviru Operativnega programa za izvajanje evropske kohezijske politike v obdobju 2014–2020, prednostna os 10: Znanje, spretnosti in vseživljenjsko učenje za boljšo zaposljivost; prednostna naložba: 10.1: Izboljšanje enakega dostopa do vseživljenjskega učenja za vse starostne skupine pri formalnih, neformalnih in priložnostnih oblikah učenja, posodobitev znanja, spretnosti in kompetenc delovne sile ter spodbujanje prožnih oblik učenja, tudi s poklicnim svetovanjem in potrjevanjem pridobljenih kompetenc; specifični cilj 10.1.1: Izboljšanje kompetenc manj vključenih v vseživljenjsko učenje.

	KORAK – kompetence za razvoj kariere
Naziv operacije	od 2018 do 2022
Vrsta programa	40-urni splošni neformalni program
Ime izobraževalne aktivnosti	Tečaj angleščine Mozaik v tujem jeziku (nadaljevalni)
Izvajalec izobraževalne aktivnosti	Združenje SUTŽO, Poljanska 6, 1000 Ljubljana
Kraj izvedbe izobraževalne aktivnosti (naslov)	SUTŽO
Vrsta izobraževalne aktivnosti (javno veljavni izobraževalni program, program usposabljanja, izpit, strokovno svetovanje,)	Program splošnega neformalnega izobraževanja odraslih (NIPO – tuji jeziki)
Skupno trajanje izobraževalne aktivnosti (število ur)	40

Program splošnega neformalnega izobraževanje odraslih (NIPO – tuji jeziki) Tečaj angleščine Mozaik v tujem jeziku (nadaljevalni) GRADIVO

Gradivo je bilo pripravljeno v okviru projekta KORAK – kompetence za razvoj kariere 2018-2022. Tiskano je za udeležence programa za pridobivanje digitalnih kompetence.

Gradivo je zbrala in uredila mentorica tečaja angleščine na SUTŽO Urška Drobnič.







KAZALO

- 1. GETTING TO KNOW EACH OTHER
- 2. PRESENT CONTINUOUS
- 3. ARTICLES
- 4. AIR TRAVEL
- 5. PAST SIMPLE
- 1. VERB BE
- 2. REGULAR VERBS
- 3. IRREGULAR VERBS
- 6. IN THE OFFICE
- 7. PAST CONTINUOUS
- 8. ADJECTIVES OF CHARACTER
- 9. TELEPHONING
- **10. ORDERING GOODS BY PHONE**
- 11. BE GOING TO + VERB
- 12. IN AT ON (PLACES)
- 13. AT A HOTEL MAKING A RESERVATION, CHECK-IN







1. GETTING TO KNOW EACH OTHER

Hello. Hi. Good morning. Good afternoon. Good evening.

How do you ask people about their:	
NAME	
SURNAME	
HOW DO THEY FEEL	
PLACE OF LIVING	
FAMILY	
PETS	
CHILDREN'S AGE	
JOB	
IF THEY LIKE THEIR JOB	
HOBBIES	







2. PRESENT CONTINUOUS

FORM

Positive: BE (is / an	m / are) + -ING e.g. She is working.	
Negative: isn't / an	m not / aren't + -ING e.g. She isn't working.	
- NOW, AT THE MO	OMENT, TODAY, TONIGHT e.g. I am cooking now.	
com e – com ing	danc e - danc ing	
ru n – run ning	si t – sit ting	
l ie - l y ing		
EXERCISES		
1. Add the -ing		
1. wait		
2. swim		
3. have		
4. walk		
5. sit		
6. write		
7. stay		
8. shop		
9. cook		
10. lie		
2. What is happening	ng at the moment? Write true sentences.	
1. it / rain		
2. I / study		







3. we / listen to music
4. the sun / shine
5. my neighbour / talk
6. I / listen / carefully
Question:
Am I working?
Is he/she/it working?
Are you/we/they working?
EXERCISES
1. Write questions from these words.
1. what / doing / your boss
2. working / Sara / today
3. coming / the train
4. what / cooking / Tim
5. where / your friends / going
6. who / you / waiting for
2. What are you doing now? And your husband / wife / children?







1. (You / work)	tonight?
	tonignt:
2. (He / eat)	noodles every day?
3. I (washing / my car)	at the moment.
4. (He / come)	to Paris often?
5. Max (play)	tennis now.
6. (You / come)	to the cinema later?
7. Kim and Tony (not / come)	to the party
tomorrow.	
8. He (not / play)	football now.
9. (You / play)	tennis this Saturday?
10. They (go)	to a restaurant every Sunday.
11. Mia (not / go)	to the cinema very often.
12. You usually (arrive)	late.
13. He normally (eat)	lunch at home.

- pred vsemi števnimi samostalniki v ednini : an apple
- **pred poklici**: a teacher, an actor

INDEFINITE ARTICLE (a, an)







- za izražanje količine: a pair of, a little, a few, a couple of
- vzklične povedi z 'what' + števni samostalnik: What a lovely day. What a pity.
- **Kadar je samostalnik omenjen prvič** (v zgodbicah): We have a cat and a dog. !!! Ko stvar že poznamo, uporabimo **the:** The cat is old...

DEFINITE ARTICLE (the)

- pred morji, rekami, hoteli, pubi, gledališči, muzeji, časopisi, gorskimi verigami: e.g. the Atlantic, the Delo, the Slon, the Thames, the Alps, the Himalayas
- za edinstvene stvari: the sun, the Queen
- pred državami, ki so republike ali unije: the UK, the USA, the Czech Republic, the Netherlands
- pred skupinami otokov: the West Indies
- pred frazami:
- on the left, in the middle, in the centre
- in the west, in the east
- on the wall, on the floor, on the ceiling
- on the coast, on the border
- at the top, at the bottom
- in the morning, in the afternoon, in the evening
- pridevniki (the biggest)

ZERO ARTICLE (-)

- pred državami, mesti, ulicami, jeziki, revijami, hribi, gorami, jezeri, kontinenti, otoki, obroki, letališči, imeni postaj: England, London, Bayswater Road, English, Gloss, Lake Bled, Europe...
- pred frazami:
- at home
- at/to school,
- at/to work
- in/to bed, in hospital, in prison
- by bus, by car...
- on foot
- at night
- on holiday

pred samostalniki v množini in neštevnimni samostalniki; ko govorimo o stvareh na splošno:







I like potatoes.

Milk is good for you.

EXERCISES (A, AN, THE or /)

This coat was designed by famous New York artist.
Can you tell me how to get to bank from here?
She is at home.
city museum is closed today.
He is one of smartest people I know.
I recommend you eat apple pie at this restaurant.
milk is good for you.
Would you like to see movie?
apple a day keeps doctor away.
I can't believe I failed yesterday's test!
Do you have dictionary that I can borrow?
Taipei is the capital of Taiwan.
There are many earthquakes in Taiwan every year.
first Presidential election was March 23, 1997.
Another name for Taiwan is Republic of China.
language and culture of Taiwan is Chinese.
Hawaii is island in the Pacific Ocean







Christmas comes once year.
Nile is a river.
I went to the shop to get bread.
You should take umbrella.
owls don't sleep at night.
Slon is in centre of Ljubljana.
bank is on left.
In morning we usually eat cereals for breakfast.
I always go to school by bus and never on foot.
There's beautiful painting on ceiling.
4. AIR TRAVEL
4. AIR TRAVEL <u>Translate.</u>
<u>Translate.</u>
Translate. DEPARTURE BOARD
Translate. DEPARTURE BOARD FLIGHT NUMBER
Translate. DEPARTURE BOARD FLIGHT NUMBER DEPARTURE TIME
Translate. DEPARTURE BOARD FLIGHT NUMBER DEPARTURE TIME DESTINATION
Translate. DEPARTURE BOARD FLIGHT NUMBER DEPARTURE TIME DESTINATION CHECK-IN DESK
Translate. DEPARTURE BOARD FLIGHT NUMBER DEPARTURE TIME DESTINATION CHECK-IN DESK WEIGH YOUR LUGGAGE
Translate. DEPARTURE BOARD FLIGHT NUMBER DEPARTURE TIME DESTINATION CHECK-IN DESK WEIGH YOUR LUGGAGE PAY EXCESS BAGGAGE
Translate. DEPARTURE BOARD FLIGHT NUMBER DEPARTURE TIME DESTINATION CHECK-IN DESK WEIGH YOUR LUGGAGE PAY EXCESS BAGGAGE BOARDING CARD

GATE NUMBER







GET ON THE PLANE = BOARD

HAND LUGGAGE

OVERHEAD LOCKER

RUNWAY

TAKE-OFF

CABIN CREW

FASTEN YOUR SEATBELT

LAND

GET OFF THE PLANE

BAGGAGE RECLAIM

GO THROUGH CUSTOMS

RENT A CAR

Questions you will hear at the check-in counter:

May I see your ticket?

Do you have an e-ticket?

How many bags are you checking?

Did you pack these bags yourself?

Do you have a **carry-on bag?** (a bag or purse to take on the airplane)

Would you like a window or an aisle seat?

Problems you may hear:

Your baggage is overweight. (Remove some contents or pay a fine.)

Your carry-on luggage is too large.

Your flight is delayed. (It's late.)

Your flight has been cancelled. (You must rebook a new flight)

Your connecting flight/connection has been cancelled/is delayed.







Your ticket is expired.

Your passport is expired.

Commands and questions at the Security Checkpoint:

Boarding pass, please.

Spread your arms out please.

Take your shoes off.

Open your bag.

Take off/remove your belt.

Do you have any change in your pockets?

Do you have any metals?

Do you have any food?

Do you have any liquids or medicine?

Walk through.

You must dump all food or beverages.

Questions you may need to ask:

Is my flight on time?

Where is the boarding gate?

Can I get a window seat?

Is my connection on time?

Where can I find a taxi?

Where is the **departure** gate?

Where is the check-in desk forairlines?

Role-play: a traveller going through customs.

A: Welcome to Canada. May I see your passport please?

B: Sure. Here you are.

A: Where are you coming from?







- Going through customs	
- At the check-in counter	
Role-play similar dialogues:	
B: Thank you.	
A: Enjoy your stay.	
B: No, nothing.	
A: Do you have anything to declare?	
B: No, this is my first time.	
A: Have you ever been to France before?	
at my uncle's house.	
B: I am staying at a hotel.	
A: Where are you be staying?	
until next Tuesday.	
for 1 month.	
B: I am staying for three weeks.	
A: How long are you planning to stay?	
here as a tourist.	
visiting relatives	
B: I'm here on business.	
A: What is the purpose of your visit?	
B: I'm coming from Paris, France.	







WATCH AND PRACTICE

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GEvSUrPpftw

Do you like travelling? How often do you travel by plane?			

5. PAST SIMPLE

1. VERB BE

WAS / WERE

I	
he	WAS
she	WASN'T = WAS NOT
it	
we	WERE
you	WEREN'T = WERE NOT
they	

Rachel was 22 last year.







Rachel wasn't 22 last year.

Was Rachel 22 last year?

EXERCISES

Put the following sentences into past simple.	
1. I am 22 now.	last year.
2. The weather is nice today.	yesterday.
3. Dean is hungry now.	an hour ago.
4. George is at work at the moment.	yesterday.
5. The jacket is expensive.	·
Negate.	
1. We were happy with the hotel.	-
2. Our room was very big.	·
3. The staff were friendly.	·
4. The bathroom was very clean.	
5. The flight to Greece was nice.	·
Make questions.	
1. you / late / why ?	
2. difficult / your exam ?	
3. last week / where / Maya and Tim?	
4. angry / you / yesterday / why ?	
5. nice / the weather / last week ?	







2. REGULAR VERBS

work – work ed	stay – stay ed	
arrive – arrive d	try - tr ied	
start – start ed	stop – stop ped	
Joanna work ed late yesterday.		
Joanna didn't work late yesterday	<i>'</i> .	
Did Joanna work late yesterday?		
EXERCISES		
1. WRITE THE PAST SIMPLE O	F THESE VERBS.	
1. copy		
2. revise		
3. cycle		
4. plan		
5. practice		
6. play		
7. like		
8. move		
9. study		
10. start		
2. Put the verbs in the past form.		
1. I my face	three times yesterday.	WASH
2. It was hot in the flat, so I	the wir	ndow. OPEN







3. The play	at 6.30 and	at 8.00	m.
START, FINISH			
4. The accident	last Monday morning.	HAPPEN	
5. It is a nice day today but	two days ago it	all day.	RAIN
6. We	on holiday in London last year.	BE	
3. Write the questions in t	he correct order.		
1. performance? / like / yo			
2. you / many / did / ask? /	' How / friends /		
3. a / have / time? / they /	Did / good /		
4. did / weekend? / the / V			
5. she / book? / Where / th	nat / did / buy /		
6. party / on / your / go / S	aturday? / he / Did / to /		
7. did / yesterday? / Who /	you / visit /		

3. IRREGULAR VERBS

Sara **bought** a new car last month.







Sara didn't buy a new car last month.

Did Sara **buy** a new car last month?

Translate.
be was / were
begin began
break broke
buy bought
build built
catch caught
come came
cost cost
cut cut
do did
draw drew
drive drove
eat ate
fall fell
fly flew
give gave
go went
have had
hit hit







know	knew	
learn	learnt	
leave	left	
lie	lay	
lose	lost	
make	made	
meet	met	
pay	paid	<u>.</u>
put	put	
read	read	
run	ran	
say	said	
see	saw	
sell	sold	
send	sent	
sit s	at	
sleep	slept	
speak	spoke	
spend	spent	
steal	stole	
swim	swam	<u>-</u>
take	took	
teach	taught	







tell told	
think thought	
understand understood	
wear wore	
write wrote	
EXERCISES	
1. Complete the sentences with the verb in the negative	
1. We went to the shop but we	to the post office.
2. I saw Jack but I Zoe.	
3. She watched TV last night but she	it 2 days ago.
4. He had a pencil but he a	notebook.
5. They slept well yesterday but they	well last week.
2. What did you do yesterday? Write positive or negative	e sentences.
1. read a book	
2. swim in the sea	
3. eat breakfast	
4. meet up with a friend	
5. finish work early	

3. Make the past simple and put the sentences also in a question form.







1.	_(hear) a new song on the radio.	
2. John	(read) three books last week.	?
3. The Browns	(speak) Chinese to the waitress.	· ?
4. Peter	(understand) during the class.	·
5. My mother	(forget) to buy some bread.	
6. Tina	(have) a baby in May.	· ?
7. At the age of 24, she	(become) a teacher.	?
8.1	(know) the answer yesterday.	
9. Peter	(tell) me that he lived in Paris.	
10. We	(lend) Nathan €300.	?
11. He	(drink) too much ice tea yesterday.	······································

6. IN THE OFFICE

EQUIPMENT







files	
desk	
drawers	
computer	
keyboard	
monitor	
calendar	
diary	
briefcase	
wastepaper basket	
noticeboard	
paperwork. He also has to make	customers and makes phone calls. He does a lot of appointments for his boss and arrange meetings. etings. Sometimes he works in shifts.
Where do you work? What equip Do you like your work?	oment do you need? What are your duties?
	
	
	







7. PAST CONTINUOUS			
WAS / WERE + -ING	WASN'T / W	/EREN'T + -ING	
It was raining yesterday,	so we didn't go o	ut.	
Was it raining yesterday?	ı		
It wasn't raining yesterda	ıy.		
1. What were you doing y	esterday at 7 a.m	1.?	
2. What were you doing b	pefore this class?		
3. What were you reading	g last month?		
4. What were you doing t	his time 2 days ag	go?	
Complete the sentences	with past continu	ious.	
L. When I phoned my friends,	they (play)	monopoly.	
2. Yesterday at six I (prepare)		dinner.	
		ırden when it suddenly begar	n to rain.







4. I (practice)		the guitar when he came home.
5. We (not / cycle)		all day.
6. Most of the time w	ve (sit)	in the park.
7. Where	you (live)	in 1999?
8. He	(no	t / wearing) a jacket yesterday.
8. ADJECTIVES OF CH	ARACTER	
Generous	Insincere	Considerate
Overconfident	Sociable	Self-conscious
Confident	Sensitive	Practical
Creative	A loner	
Put the words below	into the correct	gaps.
a. I am	because	I enjoy being with other people.
b. I am	b	ecause I prefer to be alone.
c. I am	be	cause I think of a lot of new ideas.
		ecause I am never nervous.
		cause I think a lot and care about other people and
their feelings. I respe		cause I tillink a lot and care about other people and
f. I am	becau	se I am good with my hands.
g. I am	beca	use I give a lot to other people.
h. I amtell someone that I lik	bec	ause I say things I don't really mean; for example I wil style but really I don't.







i. S myself. public s	ometimes people tell me that I amI don't mind speaking in front of a group of people, in face	because I always feel sure of ct I think I'm an excellent
j. I	always worry what people think about me; I am very	
	always cry at sad movies. I amand how they are.	I worry about other
9. TELEF	PHONING	
Sara: Richard Sara:	Hello, this is the sales department. How can I help you : Yes can I speak to Blake Rogers, please? Who's calling please? : It's Richard Brown here. Of course. Please hold and I will put you through. : Thank you.	?
Sara:	Hello, sales department. How can I help you? Could I speak to Blake Rogers, please? Certainly. Who shall I say is calling? My name's Richard Brown. Just a second - I'll see if she is in. Hello, Blake, I've got phone for you OK - I'll put him through. Hang on a n through.	
	PLEASE HOLD PUT SB. THROUGH	
	HANG ON	







Role-play similar phone conversations.	
	
 	
SOMEBODY IS NOT AVAILABLE	
A: Can I speak to Max Gordon, please?	
B: I'm afraid Max is not available at the moment. Can I take a message?	
A: Can you tell him that Maya called and that I'll call him back later.	
A: Can I speak to Mr Brown, please?	
B: I'm afraid Mr Brown is not in his office right now. Would you like to leave a m	nessage?
A: No, that's fine. I'll call back later.	
Role-play	
Call to your company and ask to speak to your boss. He is in the meeting so he can	not speak
to you. Leave a message for him.	



"Thanks for your understanding."





PROBLEMS
When you can't hear someone
"I'm sorry, could you speak up, please?"
"I'm sorry, I can't hear you very well."
"I'm sorry, the line's bad - could you repeat what you just said?"
When you don't understand what someone says
"I'm sorry, could you repeat that please?"
"I'm sorry, I didn't get that. Could you say it again, please?"
"I'm afraid I don't follow you. Could you repeat it, please?"
"I'm sorry, I'm not sure I understand. Would you mind explaining it again, please?"
ENDING A PHONE CALL
"Thanks for calling." (not "Thanks for your calling")
"Thank you for the information."
"Thanks for your advice/ feedback."







WATCH AND PRACTICE

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v	<u>=Tw2r9DkL5co</u>	
10. ORDERING THINGS BY PHONE		
Who says the following sentences,	a customer (C) or a call	centre operator (O)?
I would like to order some	/ a	, please.
Do you have them / it in stock?		
Sure. What's your order? / What wo	uld you like to order?	
When can I expect the delivery?		
It will be delivered in about an hour.		
The product will be delivered to you	by tomorrow evening.	
Where do you want it delivered?		
To my house / to my work		







May I please have your name and address?
Are you offering any kind of special deals or discounts?
I'm afraid not.
What is the total amount for the things that I purchased?
That would be \$25 .
How would you like to pay Sir/ Madam?
I'll pay in cash on delivery.
Alright. Thank you for buying with us.
WATCH AND PRACTICE
Watch short videos on how to order electronic equipment and groceries at:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xXJYU186Z5U
Role-play similar dialogues.







11. BE GOING TO + VERB

- for future plans and intentions			
He is going to watch TV this evening.			
He isn't going to watch TV this evening.			
Is he going to watch TV this evening?			
- to predict something that we think is cer	rtain to happen		
Look at the sky! It's going to rain.			
Complete the sentences.			
1. My hands are dirty. I	them. WASH		
2. What	to the theatre tonight? WEAR / YO	U	
3. I don't want to go to the party by bus. I _	·	WALK	
4. Klara is going to Maidstone next week. S some friends. MEET	ihe	with	
5. I'm hungry. I	this pizza. EAT		
6. It's my mom's birthday next week. We _ present. BUY		her a	
7. There's a good film on TV this evening WATCH	you		_it?
What are you going to do today or tomori	row?		







12. IN AT ON (PLACES)

AT

to refer to a position:

John was sitting **at** his desk.

to talk about locations at companies, workplaces:

How many people work **at** your company?

• activities which involve a group of people:

at the party, at the cinema, at the theatre, at the airport

at school / at college / at university:

Helen always did well **at** school.

to refer to an address:

George lived at number 12 Regent Street.

to refer to most shops:

I bought some wholemeal bread at the baker's today.

ON

to refer to a position on any surface:

I know I left my wallet **on** the table.

• to talk about a floor in a building (on the ground floor, on the first floor):







She lives on the 17th floor.

She lives on the 17th floor.
• to talk about public transport (on the bus, on the train, on a ship, on a plane)
I was on the bus when I met Jane.
IN
• in bed, in hospital, in prison
David's father is in hospital .
• in the world, in the sky
What's the largest city in the world ?
• in a picture, in a photograph
You look happy in this photograph .
- in the middle (of)
There's a big table in the middle of the room.
<u>EXERCISE</u>
1. What is the highest mountain the world?
2. She is studying German the university.
3. There were many people the concert last night.
4. Who is that woman this photograph?
5. Where is your husband? Is he work?
6. Kate is hospital. She is going to have an operation tomorrow.
7. How many pages are there this book?
8. There's a big bush the middle of the garden.



B: "Ben. That's B E N."





9. Did Sheila come here her car?
10. I will meet you the station.
13. AT A HOTEL - MAKING A RESERVATION
13. AT A HOTEL - WARING A RESERVATION
A: "Thank you for calling Slon Hotel. How can I help you? "
B: "I would like to book a room. How much do you charge a night?"
A: "Our prices start at 40 Eur a night for a standard room ."
B: "Great. Can you book a room for me?"
A: "Sure. When would you like to come?"
B: "I am coming on March 7th."
A: "How many days do you need the room for?"
B: "I'll need it for two nights."
A: "Ok. You are coming on the 7rd of March and checking out on the 9th. Is that correct?"
B: "Yes."
A: "How many total adults?"
B: "Two adults and two children."
A: "How old are the children?"
B: "7 and 9."
A: "Would you like one room or two rooms?"
B: "One is fine."
A: "Can I have your last name?"
B: "Smith."
A: "Your first name"







A: "Let me confirm your information Mr. Smith. One double room with 2 adults and 2
children from March 7th to March 9th. Is this correct?"
B: "Yes."
A: "The total comes to 109 Eur. Can I get your credit card number?"
B: "Sure. It is 676767888."
A: "What is the name on the credit card?"
B: "Ben Smith."
A: "I have the room booked for you. If you need to cancel, please call us 24 hours before your
check in date. Failure to cancel will result in a one day charge on your credit card. Is there
anything else I can do for you?"
B: "Yes, one more question. What time can we check in?"
A: "You can check in by 2:00pm."
B: "Great. Thank you."
A: "Thank you and have a nice day."
Practise similar dialogues.







WATCH AND PRACTICE

At the hotel - Checking in (1:00-3:26)

https://www	v.youtube.c	com/watch?	<u>v=oYTO652.</u>	<u> 2aJk&t=151</u>	<u>s</u>	